



PRESA Consultative meeting with the National PES task team for Kenya
at World Agroforestry Centre (ICRAF) headquarters
February 14, 2013

The meeting started with an introductory that explained PRESA project; goals and objectives as well as its achievements particularly in the Sasumua area. Also, an introductory of the Kenya Agricultural Productivity and Sustainable Land Management programme (KAPSLM) at the Ministry Environment and Mineral Resources which operates on the greater Kikuyu – Kinale catchment whose key deliverable is to establish a functional PES scheme in Sasumua with a potential for upscale was made. The meeting aimed at sharing the work done by PRESA so far in Sasumua and exploring possible areas of working together with the National PES task team.

Following the introduction, the following issues were raised during the discussions:

- There should be more private sector engagements in PES uptake
- All acts in Kenya are currently being revised to streamline and remove any conflicts. Some of them have revised their clauses to include PES for example the forest act, water act, environmental act and land reclamation acts and their subsidiary legislation.
- In designing the PES scheme, it will be important to take into account the devolution of counties that will control the resources within their boundaries and will require their 'cut'.
- Data has been generated on the willingness to make payments by buyers and the willingness to accept payments of farmers
- Incentives can be in form of farm inputs or capacity building though efficient monitoring and evaluation systems should be put in place.
- 100 farmers were recruited who were willing to take part in the pilot phase of PES scheme, though follow up was not made since no ground work took place yet.
- It was noted that Ndakaini dam farmers in catchment are annoyed with the dam since they do not seem to benefit from it and conflict and hostility are impending.

The following were identified as required future action points:

1. Demonstrate that a PES fund based scheme can work
2. Explore ways of coming up with a fund which institutions can contribute part of their CSR towards environmental actions and explore how this can be channeled towards PES

3. Come up with alternative funding from different buyers especially industrial utility companies e.g. Coca cola, breweries
4. Conduct a high level multi-organizational forum for sharing mechanisms of PES with the private sector, government and potential funders
5. Conduct a Sasumua baseline study that will be ready by June 2013- (Currently the available baseline study of Sasumua is on land tenure and household level poverty)
6. Establish long-term measuring points for sediment within the catchment to monitor impacts.

It was agreed that the main forum agenda would be:

- Presentation of the baseline study
- Presentation of PRESA's work
- Coming up with way forward

Data to be shared:

- Status paper- watersheds of PES (concept) by March 2013
- Ongoing study of 30 private sector institutions engagement in Thika and Nairobi by April 2013 and linking up with Jani who is proposed to undertake private sector motivation in PES studies
- ToRs of consultant to undertake the baseline study in Sasumua by March 2013.
- Results of the baseline study are expected to be ready by June 2013.

Participants:

1. Patrick Maingi - NEMA
2. James Njuki - KFS
3. Titus Musyoka - KAPSLM, Ministry of Environment and mineral resources
4. Malik Aman - KAPSLM, Ministry of Environment and mineral resources
5. Linett Kibisu - Ministry of Agriculture
6. John Mwangi - JKUAT/ICRAF
7. Sara Namirembe- ICRAF
8. Janet Obote - ICRAF
9. Judith Nzyoka - ICRAF